

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A processing machine comprising:
 - (a) a data memory;
 - (b) a control engine, linked in bi-directional communication with the data memory;
 - (c) an instruction memory in which instructions may be stored, having an input for receiving control information from the control engine; and
 - (d) a plurality of coprocessors, each connected in communication with the data memory, the instruction memory, and the control engine, the control engine and the plurality of coprocessors each coupled to receive a portion of a single instruction from the instruction memory in parallel, each of said control engine and plurality of coprocessors being enabled to perform simultaneous functions in response to the single instruction, wherein at least one of the plurality of coprocessors is linked in bi-directional communication with the control engine independent of the instruction memory.
2. (Original) The processing machine of claim 1, wherein the control engine comprises a microcontroller.
3. (Original) The processing machine of claim 1, further comprising a main memory linked in communication with at least one of said plurality of coprocessors.
4. (Original) The processing machine of claim 3, wherein said at least one coprocessor comprises a bus interface coprocessor.
5. (Original) The processing machine of claim 1, wherein the processing machine is used to perform a particular task and wherein each coprocessor is designated to perform at least one specific subtask of that particular task.

6. (Original) The processing machine of claim 5, wherein the particular task comprises processing a data manipulation algorithm, and specific subtasks performed by separate coprocessors include a memory bus interface function and a data processing algorithm function.

7. (Original) The processing machine of claim 6, wherein the data processing algorithm comprises an encryption algorithm.

8. (Currently Amended) A processing machine comprising:

- (a) a data memory;
- (b) a main memory;
- (c) a microcontroller, linked in bi-directional communication with the data memory;
- (d) an instruction memory in which instructions may be stored, having an input for receiving control information from the microcontroller, the microcontroller having an input to receive instructions from the instruction memory;
- (e) a first coprocessor providing a bus interface function when operational, linked in communication with each of the main memory, the data memory, and the microcontroller, and having an input to receive instructions from the instruction memory; and
- (f) a second coprocessor, linked in communication with the data memory and the microcontroller and having an input to receive instructions from the instruction memory, wherein the microcontroller and the first and second coprocessors are coupled to receive the instructions from the instruction memory in parallel, wherein the second coprocessor is linked in bi-directional communication with the microcontroller independent of the instruction memory and the data memory.

9. (Original) The processing machine of claim 8, further comprising:
a third coprocessor, linked in communication with the data memory and the microcontroller and having an input to receive instructions from the instruction memory.

10. (Original) The processing machine of claim 9, further comprising:
a fourth coprocessor, linked in communication with the data memory and the
microcontroller and having an input to receive instructions from the instruction memory.

11. (Previously Presented) The processing machine of claim 8, wherein each of
the first and second coprocessors and the microcontroller perform simultaneous
coordinated functions in response to a single instruction issued from the instruction
memory.

12. (Original) The processing machine of claim 8, wherein the second
coprocessor is enabled to process a data manipulation algorithm.

13. (Previously Presented) The processing machine of claim 9, wherein the third
coprocessor is enabled to perform an asynchronous transfer mode (“ATM”) data transfer
interface function.

14. (Previously Presented) The processing machine of claim 10, wherein the
third coprocessor is enabled to perform an asynchronous transfer mode (“ATM”) data
transfer interface function when operational and the fourth coprocessor is enabled to
perform an ATM Adaptation Layer (AAL) function when operational.

15. (Currently Amended) A method of processing a data manipulation task with
a processing machine including a control engine and a plurality of coprocessors,
comprising;

dividing the data manipulation task into a plurality of subtasks;
issuing a sequence of instructions having a plurality of portions to the control
engine and each of said plurality of coprocessors;

simultaneously receiving corresponding portions of the instructions in parallel at
the control engine and each of said plurality of coprocessors;

performing separate subtasks with the control engine and each of said plurality of coprocessors by executing the corresponding portions of the instructions received by the control engine and each of said plurality of coprocessors;

coordinating the execution of each portion of instructions received by the control engine and each of said plurality of coprocessors such that the subtasks performed by these components are performed substantially in parallel; and

storing results of the execution of the portion of the instruction received by the control engine into data memory, the data memory being linked in bi-directional communication with the control engine and each of said plurality of coprocessors, and wherein at least one of said plurality of coprocessors is linked in bi-directional communication with the control engine independent of the instruction memory and the data memory.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the coordination of the execution of the portions of instructions is performed by the control engine via execution control signals sent to each of said plurality of coprocessors.

17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein the processing machine comprises a programmed state machine and wherein each of the control engine and said plurality of coprocessors is caused to cycle through a respective set of machine states in response to instruction portions received by that component.

18. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein one of the subtasks comprises a bus interface function.

19. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the control engine comprises a microcontroller.

20. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein each instruction is issued from an instruction memory in response to an address sent to the instruction memory from the control engine.

21. (Currently Amended) The processing machine of claim 1, further comprising:

a DATA OUT path coupling the control engine to one of the plurality of coprocessors to communicate data from the one of the plurality of coprocessors to the control engine; and

a DATA IN path coupling the control engine to the one of the plurality of coprocessors to communicate data from the control engine to the one of the plurality of the coprocessors, the DATA OUT path and the DATA IN path enabling the bi-directional communication between the control engine and the one of the plurality of coprocessors independent of the instruction memory and independent of the data memory.

22. (New) The processing machine of claim 21, wherein the DATA OUT path and the DATA IN path comprise datapaths directly coupling the control engine to the one of the plurality of coprocessors.